

MVT AP Exam Question Practice Asn't

x	0	4	8	12	16
$f(x)$	8	0	2	10	1

12. The table above gives selected values for the differentiable function f . In which of the following intervals must there be a number c such that $f'(c) = 2$?
- (A) $(0, 4)$ (B) $(4, 8)$ (C) $(8, 12)$ (D) $(12, 16)$
20. Let g be a twice-differentiable, increasing function of t . If $g(0) = 20$ and $g(10) = 220$, which of the following must be true on the interval $0 < t < 10$?
- (A) $g'(t) = 0$ for some t in the interval.
 (B) $g'(t) = 20$ for some t in the interval.
 (C) $g''(t) = 0$ for some t in the interval.
 (D) $g''(t) > 0$ for all t in the interval.
26. Let f be the function with $f(0) = \frac{1}{\pi^2}$, $f(2) = \frac{1}{\pi^2}$, and derivative given by $f'(x) = (x + 1)\cos(\pi x)$. How many values of x in the open interval $(0, 2)$ satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for the function f on the closed interval $[0, 2]$?
- (A) None
 (B) One
 (C) Two
 (D) More than two

x	$f(x)$
-1	-30
0	-2
3	10
5	18

21. The table above gives selected values for a twice-differentiable function f . Which of the following must be true?
- (A) f has no critical points in the interval $-1 < x < 5$.
 (B) $f'(x) = 8$ for some value of x in the interval $-1 < x < 5$.
 (C) $f'(x) > 0$ for all values of x in the interval $-1 < x < 5$.
 (D) $f''(x) < 0$ for all values of x in the interval $-1 < x < 5$.
 (E) The graph of f has no points of inflection in the interval $-1 < x < 5$.

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- (A) (0, 4) (B) (4, 8) (C) (8, 12) (D) (12, 16)

$$\frac{f(12) - f(8)}{12 - 8} = \frac{10 - 2}{4} = 2$$

So by the MVT, there must be a number c such that $f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$

where $a < c < b$.

20. Let g be a twice-differentiable, increasing function of t . If $g(0) = 20$ and $g(10) = 220$, which of the following must be true on the interval $0 < t < 10$?

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 (D) $g''(t) > 0$ for all t in the interval.

g' is differentiable $\Rightarrow g'$ is continuous so The Mean Value Theorem guarantees that $g'(t) = 20$ for some t in the interval $0 < t < 10$ because the average rate of change is

$$\frac{g(10) - g(0)}{10} = \frac{220 - 20}{10} = 20$$

26. Let f be the function with $f(0) = \frac{1}{\pi^2}$, $f(2) = \frac{1}{\pi^3}$, and derivative given by $f'(x) = (x + 1)\cos(\pi x)$. How many values of x in the open interval $(0, 2)$ satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for the function f on the closed interval $[0, 2]$?

- (A) None
 (B) One
 (C) Two
 (D) More than two

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{f(2) - f(0)}{2} &= 0 \Rightarrow f'(c) = 0 \\ f'(c) &= (c + 1)\cos(\pi c) = 0 \\ c + 1 = 0 &\Rightarrow c = -1 \text{ not in } (0, 2) \\ \cos(\pi c) = 0 &\Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

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Mean Value Theorem: average rate of change $\frac{18 - (-30)}{5 - (-1)} = \frac{48}{6} = 8 = f'(c)$